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Draper's.] THURSDAY, November 15, 1770.

In our Paper of the 25th of October we gave a summary Account of the Disputes of the two Houses of Assembly at South-Carolina, relating to a Sum of Money that had been drawn out of the Treasury by a Committee of the Lower House, and sent Home to the Society of the Bill of Rights ; which Sum being included in a Tax-Bill, the Upper House would not pass : The Resolves consequent thereon we then published ; also an additional Instruction to the Governor requiring him not to sign Bills of such a Nature : — When these and several other Things relative thereto were inserted, it was mentioned there were a Number of Resolutions we had not Time then to insert, they are as follows :

The Report of the Committee and Resolves of the Lower House of Assembly on the additional Instruction to the Governor.

REPORT,

THAT they have considered the several matters referred to them, and, tho' they cannot but lament that his honour should think the correspondence between himself and Majesty's Ministers, in a matter which concerns the privileges and proceedings of this house, so secret and confidential, as to refuse a full compliance with their just and reasonable request, without the royal leave ; yet, your committee are of opinion, that the house should immediately proceed to acquit themselves of the charge contained in the said instruction. They have therefore come to the following resolutions, which they recommend to the house, as proper to be adopted upon this occasion, previously declaring, that the Lieutenant-Governor's answers are not so satisfactory as the house had a right to expect, and that the same be not hereafter drawn into precedent, as it may be of most dangerous consequence.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this committee, that this house hath an undoubted right, which they have at all times exercised to give and grant money to his Majesty, with or without a requisition from the crown, for any purposes whatsoever, whether local and provincial or not, whenever they think it necessary, or expedient for his service, of which they are the sole judges.——That in order to provide such money, the house hath a right, upon emergent occasions, and when the money is immediately wanted, to borrow it upon the public faith and credit, solemnly pledged by a resolution of the house, to make good, and repay the money so borrowed ; and that the house hath exercised this right whenever they have thought proper.——That the house hath, in such cases, ordered the public treasurer to advance the said money, who hath accordingly done so upon the resolution of the house to make good the same, and that provision for repaying it to him hath always been made by the tax-acts, which measure cannot be unknown to the Lieutenant-Governor, whose sanction, as well as that of his predecessors, it has often received.——That the order and resolution of the house on the 8th day of December last (the said order being never considered by this house but merely as a vote of credit) are now unconstitutional, but agreeable to the usage and practice both antient and modern, of the commons house of assembly of this province ; that the public treasurer having advanced the money mentioned in the said order, in pursuance thereof, on the resolution of this house to repay the same, did in his account charge it to the public, and not to any particular fund ; and that in the schedule to the tax-bill, the house inserted the treasurer's name as a creditor of the public for that sum, intending to repay it in the usual manner.——That the house hath never attempted, by its single authority, without the concurrence of the governor or council, to issue out of the treasury, money appropriated by laws, and apply the same to other purposes than those for which it was granted.——That the order and resolution of this house on the 8th day of December last, cannot be deemed dangerous or unwarrantable ; that the same would not have been so represented, or the power of this house, on that point, drawn into question, if the money borrowed had not been applied towards frustrating the unjust and unconstitutional measures of an arbitrary and oppressive ministry : And, his honour the Lieutenant-Governor, having assured the house, that all his representations to his Majesty by his Ministers, are made with the strictest regard to truth ; *Resolved*, therefore, that it is the opinion, &c. that the said instruction cannot be supported by such information, but is founded upon a false, partial, and insidious representation of the proceedings of this house ; false, in asserting that the house had *lately* assumed a power, which, in truth, they only exercised an antient right, supported by constant usuage ; partial, in concealing its resolution to repay the money borrowed ; and insidious, in artfully insinuating, that the house had directed an unconstitutional application of the public treasure *granted* to his Majesty, in ordering, by its single vote, without the concurrence of government or council, money appropriated by law, to be applied to other purposes ; and, that the censure contained in the said instruction, is altogether unmerited.

——That the clauses and provisions, in the said instruction, relating to the appropriation of such monies as shall be granted by this house, are unnecessary ; every law which grants money sufficiently securing the approbation thereof : And as many evils might arise to the Province from inserting the clauses relative to the Treasurer, your Committee think the house should not submit thereto.——That a Minister's dictating how a money-bill shall be framed, is an infringement of the privileges of this house, to whom alone it belongs to originate and prepare the same, for the concurrence and assent of the governor and council, without any alteration or amendment whatsoever.— That whosoever made the false, partial, and insidious representation, upon which the said instruction is founded, and advised such instruction, are guilty of high misdemeanors, and enemies to his Majesty and the province.——That a copy of these resolutions be sent to his honor the Lieutenant-Governor ; and that the Agent be instructed to represent this matter to his Majesty, in its true and proper light ; undeceive our most gracious Sovereign ; and convince him, how much he has been imposed on, by misinformation ; thereby to avert the King's displeasure from his dutiful and loyal subjects the commons house of assembly of this province.

The following Message was then ordered to be sent to his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

May it please your Honour,

In your answer to our message of the 22d instant, your honour was pleased to tell us, that you should think yourself guilty of the highest presumption, disrespect and breach of the royal trust and confidence, were you, without the King's permission to lay before us any letter you may have written upon this subject. We must entreat your honour to inform this house, whether you are restrained by any instruction, from acquainting the house with any representation which you think fit to make to his Majesty, or his ministers, relative to the proceedings of this house. When your honour considers how inconsistent it is, with every principle of equity and justice, and the practice of all civilized nations, that any one should be judged without being heard, or even knowing that he is accused, you will not think our humble request unreasonable or importunate ; but that this house from every consideration of duty to their King, country, and themselves, ought to use every means to prevail on their gracious Sovereign to revoke such an unreasonable instruction (if any such there be) especially, as every Governour may not be endued with your honour's candour, truth, and love of the country ; and that even the best, not knowing the reasons and arguments which move the house in their proceedings, cannot be able to represent the same so truly, and justly, as he would wish to do, and as the house could do, were they informed thereof.

By Order of the House,

PETER MANIGAULT, *Speaker.*

August 31st the Lieut. Governor sent the following ; *A message from the Lieutenant Governor, by the clerk of the council, viz.*

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

IN answer to your Message of yesterday, desiring me to inform you, whether I am restrained by any Instruction, from acquainting your house with any representations I think fit to make to his Majesty, or his ministers, relating to the proceedings of your house ; I inform you that I have no such instructions ; but that Lord Charles Mantagu communicated to me, the contents of a letter which he had received from his Majesty's Secretary of State, commanding the Governor not to communicate, to the Council or Assembly, any letter he may receive from the Secretary of State, without the King's leave. As that letter is not among those public papers, which his Lordship left with me, at his departure from this province for England, I am uncertain how far it extends to the correspondence carried on between the Secretary of State and the Governor, which besides the confidential nature of such correspondence, confirms me in the opinion, of the impropriety of giving copies as desired, without the royal leave. However, gentlemen, I transmitted to the Right hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, his Majesty's principal Secretary of State for America, by the last packet, copies of your message of the 22d instant, and of my answer thereto, and must wait the royal pleasure thereupon. And I shall also transmit by the next packet, a copy of your present message, with my answer thereto. And we may rely safely on the royal goodness and Justice of our most gracious Sovereign, to revoke any Instruction whenever it appears unreasonable, founded on imperfect Representations, or motives of proceeding, not fully understood.

You may be assured, I shall not consider any request as unreasonable or importunate, which is in my power to comply with, and which is necessary to investigate truth, and to obtain justice. WILLIAM BULL.

The 30th of August the Tax-bill was sent to the Upper House ; but it appearing the 10,500 l. was still inserted in the schedule, it was unanimously rejected.

September 7th the following Message was sent from the Lower House to the Lieutenant-Governor.

May it please your Honor,

THE Council having this Day informed the House, that they had rejected the Tax-Bill on the first Reading, because the House had inserted in the Estimate, a Sum to re-imburse the Treasurer, for Money lent upon the Faith of the House ; and that no Tax-Bill can pass, in which that Sum stands ; and thereby, not only assumed to themselves, a Right to direct the House in what Manner they must frame the Tax-Bill, and under what Restrictions they may be permitted to grant the Money of their Constituents to his Majesty ; and absolutely prevented the House from the Payment of a just Debt, which, neither Honour, nor common Honesty, will suffer the House to leave unpaid. And, as the Council have also rejected the Ordinance for appointing a Public Treasurer, and thereby subjected the People's Money to fall into improper Hands, as none can say who may be appointed by your Honour's Successors : The House cannot agree to come into a Measure which may increase the Public Debts, or to incur an Expence, which it may never be in their Power to defray ; or to raise large Sums of Money upon the People, which, by Possibility, may come into unsafe improper Hands : We humbly desire that your Honor will give this House Leave to adjourn for six Months, to attend our private Affairs, as we are in no Hopes that our Attendance here, will at present, be of any Benefit to the Public.

By Order of the House,

Sept. 7th, 1770. PETER MANIGAULT, Speaker.

Message from the Lieutenant-Governor :

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

I AM sorry to learn by your Message of Yesterday, that there is no Prospect of doing any Business during this Sitting of the General Assembly. Before I put an End to it, I think proper to acquaint you, that I shall transmit to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, to be laid before the King, a Copy of your Resolutions, relative to His Majesty's last additional Instruction. Altho' this Matter is submitted to the Royal Consideration, I cannot forbear to observe, that whatever injurious Suspicions are entertained, or Censures intended, which must impress Concern on an Heart of the least Sensibility, tho' greatly alleviated by a Consciousness of being unmerited, I most chearfully trust to my Actions, and not to Words, to determine whether I am a faithful Servant to the King, and a real and zealous Friend to this Province, which, in my Mind, are always inseparable. WILLIAM BULL.

Sept. 8, 1770.

The Lieutenant-Governour then prorogued them with the following Speech :

" Honorable Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council,

" Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

" *WE are now come to the End of the fourth Week since the General Assembly have been sitting ; and I cannot but express my Concern, for the Sake of the Province, that none of the beneficial or necessary Matters which were recommended to your Consideration, have been brought to a happy Conclusion. I think it needless to continue you longer sitting at present, and therefore I prorogue the General Assembly to Tuesday the 16th Day of January next : And the General Assembly is accordingly prorogued to that Time.*"

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.

By an authentic Copy of a Report of the Lords of Trade & Plantations, on the Petition lately exhibited by the honorable Proprietors of Pennsylvania to his Majesty in Council, against the Colony of Connecticut, for the Intrusions made by the People of that Government on the said Proprietaries Lands on the River Susquehannah, it appears, that the Agents of the said Colony being called before their Lordships, declared, they had no Instructions to avow the Proceedings of the Settlers upon the above Lands, as founded on any Authority from that Colony, or to set forth on Behalf of the Colony, any Claim to the said Lands.

The University of Oxford have been pleased to confer the Degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr. Peters, of Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Byles, of Boston, and the Rev. Mr. Breynton, of Halifax ; and the Degree of Master of Arts on the Rev. Mr. Inglis, of New-York.

Capt. Cain, from Londondery, on the 31st of last Month, in Lat. 39 : 12, Long. 69, fell in with the Brig Peggy and Hannah, Capt. Benjamin Mayo, from Surinam for Boston, who the Day before had sprung a Leak in a very hard Gale of Wind ; and notwithstanding both Pumps were constantly kept going, the Water gained on them so fast, that the Vessel was then half full, and there being no Probability of carrying her into any Port, Captain Cain took the People on board, and has brought them in.

PROVIDENCE, November 3.

In the late Storm, a whaling Schooner belonging to Warren was beat to Pieces on a Bar at the Entrance of Chatham. The Crew and Oil saved.

Captain Vredenburg, in a Sloop from Newport, was cast away at Fisher's Island ; great Part of the Cargo lost.

Samuel Casey, who was sentenced to be hanged, has preferred a Petition to the Honourable General Assembly, now convened here, which Petition is referred to next Session.

From Dutchess County, in York Government, we are told, that a short Time since two Women, Sarah Briggs and —— Reynolds, one aged 78, the other 79 Years, travelled from Rhode-Island to that Country on Foot (180 Miles) in 10 Days.

Vide page 292. & vid Price of that Society pa. 478. Vol. 2.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

In Reply to the Meſſage of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, inſerted in our laſt Gazette, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following Meſſage, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

IN your Meſſage to me of the 6th inſtant you have declared yourſelves of opinion that the words *in General Court aſſembled* are not meerly words of form in our Laws, but of ſubſtance and neceſſary to the validity of every Act.

If your opinion had been well founded I ſhould have thought it ſurprizing as well as unfortunate, that ſuch a diſcovery ſhould, during thirty years together, have eſcaped the Members of the ſeveral General Aſſemblies, all the Gentlemen of the Law concerned in our executive Courts, and all the Inhabitants of the Province in general. But it appears to me that there is not the leaſt foundation for your opinion. The ſtile of a Law which expreſſes the Governor, Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives, expreſſes that authority which, by Charter, hath power to make Laws, and the ſame reaſon which you urge, for adding the words *in General Court aſſembled*, will hold as well for further adding—*by the King's Writ—under the Province Seal—ſigned by the Governor—iſſued thirty Days before the convening*, together with all the other requiſites for forming a conſtitutional General Court; for in all theſe caſes, if the facts do not appear upon the Roll, it may be as neceſſary to make uſe of dehors evidence as in the caſe when the words *in General Court aſſembled* are not inſerted; but I am of opinion this ſort of evidence never was and probably never will be neceſſary in either caſe.

You will not be able to ſupport your aſſertion that Acts of Parliament univerſally contain this expreſs averment that they were paſſed by the ſeveral branches in Parliament aſſembled.

Many ancient Statutes without this clauſe are equally in force with modern Statutes which have the clauſe, and modern Acts of this Province without the clauſe you contend for, are equally in force with ancient Acts which have that clauſe.

I am not acquainted with the ſpecial Reaſon which induced his Majeſty to reſtrain the Governor from conſenting to an Act with this clauſe in it. Perhaps it was meerly becauſe it is unneceſſary and redundant. Be it as it may, I cannot depart from my Inſtruction nor make my humble application that it may be withdrawn, unleſs I could ſee that it is an abridgment of your rights or tended to ſubject the Province to inconvenience.

I cannot help, as you have given me occaſion for it, putting you in mind that you are now in the ſeventh week of the ſeſſion and that ſcarce any of the public buſineſs is yet compleated. I doubt not the Houſe, in general, wiſh to return to their private affairs, and I have reaſon to think your conſtituents in all parts of the Province wiſh to ſee all obſtructions to your giving greater diſpatch removed. I muſt therefore repeat my recommendation to you that in concurrence with the Council, who I am very ſure are diſpoſed to do their part, you will prepare the Buſineſs now before the Court to be laid before me, that the ſeſſion may be brought to an end as ſoon as poſſible.

Cambridge, 8th November, 1770. T. HUTCHINSON.

We hear that this Meſſage was ſoon after followed by a Meſſage from the Honorable Houſe of Repreſentatives to the Honorable Board, deſiring that all Bills lying before the Board, and not paſſed on, might be ſent down to the Houſe; and that ſundry Bills were accordingly ſent down, and the Words to which his Honor took exception were taken out; and that the Houſe now proceed to the paſſing ſuch Bills as come before them without the ſaid Words.

NEW-YORK, November 5.

Captain Eccleſton arrived here from Liverpool; he ſailed from thence in Company with a Ship, Snow and Brig, for this Port, moſtly loaded with Dry Goods; and we have reaſon to expect in a few Days, the Arrival of 20 Sail more, from the Ports of London, Briſtol, Liverpool and Hull, with different Sorts of European Goods alſo.

Extract of a Letter from London, Aug. 8.

"The Fire at Portſmouth was probably the Deed of ſome of the worthleſs Workmen about the Yard, not of the French. There is not the ſmalleſt Appearance of a War with them, or with any other Power. And all you have ſeen in the Papers about a Change of Miniſtry, is abſolutely without Foundation. No Application has been, nor is intended to be, made to Lord Chatham; and Lord Northington came to town, purely becauſe he was tired of the Country, in order to hire a Houſe for a Town Reſidence. All theſe Paragraphs are artfully publiſhed, to impreſs People at a diſtance with a Notion of the Inſtability of our Councils, and are well calculated to keep up a Spirit of Diſcontent and Oppoſition."

Extract of a Letter from London, Aug. 24.

"The New-York Merchants here, in Conſequence of Orders from thence, by the laſt Packet, are ſhipping large Quantities of all Sorts of our Manufactures; thoſe for Woollen Goods, in particular are ſo extenſive, that there are not enough in the Market, I am well aſſured, to ſupply them. Thus the Ice being now broke, the other Colonies muſt ſoon follow their Example."

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 5.

Mr. ISAAC COLLINS, of the City of Burlington, is appointed Printer to the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, for the Province of New-Jerſey, in the Room of JAMES PARKER, Eſq; deceaſed.

On Saturday Night laſt departed this Life, the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM STURGEON, Curate of Chriſt-Church Pariſh, and afterwards of the Pariſh of the united Churches of Chriſt-Church and of St. Peter's Church, in this City, without Intermiſſion, from the Year 1747 until July 1766, the chief Part of which Term he had officiated with great Eſteem and Applauſe, and was remarkably indefatigable in the diſcharge of the parochial Duties of his Function. He was for many Years in the Service of *The Society for the Propagation of the Goſpel in foreign Parts*, as Catechiſt to the Negroes in this City, and, for a very conſiderable Time was Superintendant of the Negro Charity School ſupported here by Dr. Bray's Aſſociates.

Saturday laſt Captain William Grinnell, in the Sloop Tom, arrived here from Newport, Rhode-Iſland, which Port he left on the 28th Ult. The next Day, in Lat. 38, 30, Long. 72, 30, he met with a violent Gale of Wind, from the E. N. E. to N. which ſplit his Mainſail and Foreſail, and obliged him to lay a Hull till 8 o'Clock the next Evening, when the Gale abated. On the 31ſt he ſaw a Veſſel at 3 or 4 Leagues Diſtance, which judging to be a Wreck, he tacked about, and went to her, and found her to be the Brigantine Bumper, Joſeph Stringham, Maſter, from Teneriffe, (five Weeks out) bound to New-York, who overſet the Day before, and loſt both his Maſts, Bowſprit, all his Sails and Rigging, ſhifted his Ballaſt, damaged the Cargo, and, when ſhe righted, had four feet Water in her Hold, which was continually increaſing in Spite of the utmoſt Efforts of the People. The Captain and three of the Hands were waſhed overboard, but happily got in again. In this truly deplorable Situation, unable to make any Sail, and being ſhort of Proviſions, Captain Grinnell ſent his Boat on board, in order to relieve the People, ſome of whom, on going aboard Captain Grinnell, refuſed to return to the Wreck, there being no Hopes of getting her to Port, and not the leaſt Proſpect of ſaving their Lives if Capt. Grinnell ſhould be obliged to leave them. Captain Stringham was unwilling to leave the Wreck, and prevailed on Capt. Grinnell to take her in Tow, in Hopes the Wind would favour them. This he attempted to do; but the Weather being ſqually, a large Sea running, and Night approaching, rendered his Endeavours fruitleſs at that Time; and before the next Morning another Gale came on, which obliged him to make the beſt Shift he could for the Preſervation of his own Veſſel. As ſoon, however, as the Gale abated, ſo as to permit him to make Sail, he ſhaped his Courſe for the Wreck, making the proper Allowance for her Drifting, and happily found her on the 2nd, after a Separation of 36 Hours. He then took her in Tow, and with much Difficulty and Danger to himſelf, has brought her and People ſafe into this Port.——The Exertions of Captain Grinnell, on this Occaſion, to ſave the Lives of his Fellow Creatures, who muſt inevitably have been loſt, as well as the Veſſel and Cargo, deſerves the higheſt Applauſe, and will ever diſtinguiſh him as a Gentleman of Humanity, Fortitude and Perſeverance in a Day of Trial.

NEW-YORK, *November* 8.

On Monday Evening arrived the Sloop General Gage, Capt. Turel, from Coracoa, who providentially was the Means of preſerving the Lives of 4 Men whom he took from a Wreck at Sea, and has brought in with him, viz. Capt. John Tucker, his Mate and 2 Negro Men, late belonging to the Schooner Mary Ann, of New-Providence, Mr. Thomas Dunſcomb, Owner. This Schooner, loaded with Lumber, Pork, Butter and Proviſions, on the 17th of October ſail'd from Norfolk in Virginia, bound to New-Providence, and next Day, Thurſday the 18th, met with a ſevere Gale of Wind, which continued till Saturday the 20th about Noon, & then abated; the Day before which, as the Schooner was ſcudding before it, ſhe broached to, the Foremaſt was carried away and the Veſſel overſet. The People 5 in Number, 2 White Men and 3 Blacks, remain'd on her Side from Friday till Sunday the 21ſt, when the Weather being moderate, by the Means of the 2 Anchors and a Purchaſe fixt to the Stump of the Foremaſt, they righted the Veſſel—and making faſt 2 Spars to the Bowſprit, the only Part remaining above Water, they continued there 5 Days longer, till Thurſday the 25th having nothing to eat but part of a Keg of Butter, nor any Thing to drink but what they ſuck'd from a ſail when it rain'd. When this Misfortune happen'd they were in about Lat. 37, 30, Lon. 74, 11, and notwithſtanding their being almoſt famiſh'd, and ſo long in ſuch a diſmal Situation, Hope never forſook them, and they were tolerably compoſed and cheerful, tho' ſeveral Veſſels paſſed them, ſome ſo near that they muſt needs have ſeen them, and yet inhumanly left them to periſh. At laſt, Thurſday the 29th, the Signal they made with their Sail was ſeen at about 5 Miles Diſtance by Capt. Turel, who bore down to them, took them all on board, extremely weak and almoſt ſpent, and treated them with the greateſt Care and Kindneſs, whereby they all recover'd, except a Negro belonging to Mrs. Daychinck, of Coracoa, who the Night after they were taken on board, privately got to a Water Caſk, where drinking, it is ſuppoſed, too freely, he grew ſeeming diſtracted, and died the 3d Day after. Nothing could be got out of the Schooner.

Capt. Smith from London, ſpoke the Ship Britannia, Capt. Falconer, from Philadelphia, on the 22d ult. in Lat. 39, and Lon. 65, who inform'd that on the Day before, he met with a bad Gale of Wind, which obliged him to throw ſome of his Cargo overboard, but received no Damage in the Ship.

NEW-HAVEN, *November* 9.

At a late Meeting of the Corporation of Yale-College, they appointed the Rev. *Nehemiah Strong*, to the Office of Profeſſor of Mathematicks, and natural Philoſophy in ſaid College; but whether he accepts the Appointment, or not, we have not heard.

The Corporation at ſaid Meeting, alſo appointed Meſſ. *Joſeph Lyman*, and *Buckingham St. John*, Tutors in the Room of Meſſ. *Baldwin* and *Wales*, lately reſigned.

To the Gentlemen of Newbury-Port,

Gentlemen,

I TAKE this firſt opportunity of publickly expreſſing my gratitude to you, for the generous aſſiſtance you were pleaſed to afford me, in getting off the ſhip Pomona, which was unfortunately drove upon Plumb-Iſland in the late terrible ſtorm. The ſituation the ſhip was in, rendered the undertaking ſo very doubtful, that nothing ſhort of your ſpirited behaviour would have accompliſhed it. For three days and nights ſucceſſively, I had the aſſiſtance of at leaſt three hundred of the inhabitants of the town; and many of the principal gentlemen not only countenanced me with their preſence, but actually worked with the ſhovel.—It is impoſſible for me ever to forget your kindneſs, and I am ſure that I ſhall always take a particular pleaſure in declaring, that under Providence, I am indebted to your generoſity for the preſervation of the ſhip.

With my warmeſt wiſhes for the proſperity of the Town of Newbury-Port, I remain, Gentlemen, your much obliged humble ſervant,

WILLIAM DUNLOP.

Newbury-Port, 8th Nov. 1770.

Mr. DRAPER, *as the following was founded on a Paragraph firſt inſerted in your Paper, it is but Juſtice to give it a Place alſo.*

From the ESSEX-GAZETTE.

Mr. HALL,

Pleaſe to inſert the following in your next, and you'll oblige, at leaſt one of your Cuſtomers.

AN article in your laſt Gazette, under *Boſton*, relative to the Rev'd Mr. WHITEFIELD's funeral, needs ſome correction and amendment. The *Portſmouth* account of *fifteen thouſand perſons*, which attended the funeral, I judge exceeds, but not ſo much as 3000 falls below, the real number, though the Boſton account poſitively aſſerts without heſitation, that, "there were *no more* than 3000 ſpectators, which attended at the meeting-houſe." The meeting-houſe is about 93 feet in length & 63 in breadth, and there were taken up by the ſpectators within the walls of the houſe, above and below, together with the ſteeple and porch, full twelve thouſand ſquare feet. And it was the opinion of ſome judicious obſervers, that the people, eſpecially in the galleries, were ſtowed ſo cloſe, as not to poſſeſs a ſquare foot a-piece. And it was my opinion then, and it is yet, that there were full *ten thouſand* perſons within the ſaid houſe, including the ſteeple and porch: and there were ſome hundreds of perſons, if not thouſands, in the town, that could not get into the houſe. And I make no doubt, if the weather had not been wet and cold that [illegible] and the people in this county, in general, had known the funeral was certainly to be on that day, and [illegible] Newbury-Port, there would have been in town double the number that there then was.—And as to the *couples which followed the corpſe*, I did not number them, but make no doubt, that there would have been, inſtead of the never to be forgotten number *Ninety-two, ſeveral thouſand*, if the people in the meeting-houſe had been apprized of the deſign of walking in proceſſion after the corpſe, and had not been afraid of loſing the birth in the houſe they were in poſſeſſion of, where they were in expectation of hearing a diſcourſe or an oration at the funeral of ſuch a pious and eminently laborious miniſter of Jeſus Chriſt: The *Boſton account* ſays, "Notwithſtanding what was previouſly given out, by "*ſome pretended friends to the deceaſed, at Newbury-Port*"—I am ſorry that there were any diſputing about the body of the Rev'd Mr. WHITEFIELD, where it ſhould be buried, and eſpecially that *Boſton* ſhould carry their reſentment ſo high, as to judge the people at Newbury-Port to be *pretended*, (not real) *friends to the deceaſed*. I don't belong to Newbury-Port, and it would have been as pleaſing to me, if his body had been carried to, and interred in *Boſton*, as in Newbury-Port; yet I verily think he had a goodly number of *real friends* in that town, and ſuch as proved their friendſhip by their works: The Expence of his funeral, together with a preſent of £. 12-2-0, ſterling, in caſh, delivered to him the night before his deceaſe, amounting in the whole, as I underſtand, to about £. 30 ſterling, were chearfully defrayed by his friends in that town.

Eſſex County, Nov. 1. 1770.

Archibald Bowman

TAKES this Method to inform the Public that he has juſt opened an Auction-Room in the Store formerly Occupied by Mr. WILLIAM SCOTT, North-ſide of the Market, at which Auction-Room will be Sold this Evening;

A Variety of Engliſh goods both Woolens and Linnens—Alſo two excellent New Silver Watches &c. THIS EVENING.

TO BE SOLD

By John Croſby,

At the Sign of the Baſket of Lemmons at the South-End,

The right Sort of *Liſbon*

Lemmons; and as cheap by the Dozen as by the Quantity, be it ever ſo large: Extraordinary good and very freſh Orange Juice, that is rich, ſoft and pleaſant, and helps to make fine Orange Punch, and is very good in Pudding Sauce, at One Dollar per Gallon.

Choice China Oranges very ſweet; alſo, Sevil Oranges, and exceſſive ſour Oranges, excellent Souring for Punch, all very freſh and alive.

A Number of Advertiſements which we are obliged to omit will have good Places in our next.

IT is better to beg than to ſteal.—*This Advice is given to the Perſon and the Perſons that ſeveral Nights ſince took a conſiderable Quantity of Wood out of the Yard of the Subſcriber: Altho' they are known he chuſes not to make perſonal Application to them, nor yet proſecute them;—but, as when the Wicked borrow they are ſeldom able or willing to return, ſo he expects not to be repaid; he takes this Method to inform them that if they perſiſt in ſuch Liberties, he will expoſe them to the Public, and proſecute to the Extent of the Law.* T. CRAFTS, jun.

Vide page 301. & Answerd page 310. & vid Charter page 1077. Vol. I. & pa. 246. Vid page 174. & vid page 285.

Last Monday se'enight arrived at New-York, the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bruilderſon, in 7 Weeks and four Days from Falmouth; ſhe was to ſail again for Falmouth on Tueſday the 13th Inſtant.

The ſame Week arrived at New-York the Ship Robert, Capt Ruſſell, in a ſhort Paſſage from Ireland: From the New-York Paper we have the following

Freſh Advices.

[Capt. Ruſſel, brings Dublin papers to the 17th of September, which contain London Advices to the 11th, but it being late laſt night before we got the papers, we had neither time nor room to extract—except juſt to mention that the Ruſſians were every where victorious againſt the Turks—their fleet had paſſed the Dardinelles, taken ſome principal Iſlands, was expected at Conſtantinople, which was preparing for its defence, was in great tumult and confuſion, expecting an inſurrection, the grand Signior gone to Adrianople, the Cham of Tartary with 80,000 men being hem'd in, offered to lay down his arms, and not reſume them during the War, but was refuſed unleſs he would pay homage to the Empreſs of Ruſſia,—reported that the King of Pruſſia will join the Turks,—that he has ſignified, that he will make repriſals on Hanover, if his demands on the Britiſh court are not complied with, which were immediately promiſed. A general commotion apprehended in France, unleſs the king revokes his arbitrary decree in favour of the Duke de Aiguellon, and gives him up to juſtice. That the Venetians intend to recover the Morea from the Turks. That Lords Chatham and Cambden have repeatedly been applied to, to take part in adminiſtration, but have refuſed unleſs upon their own terms. That General Hervey having diſclaim'd the meaſure of Col. Luttrel's appointment, and 130 officers from Ireland deſired their diſmiſſion upon it, it has been thought proper that he ſhould reſign, which he has done accordingly. The Ruſſia has offer'd to ſell to Great-Britain, ſome of her late conquer'd iſlands in the Levant,—and is thought to have deſigns upon Corſica, and Venice: 12 ſhips of the line to be ſtation'd in America for 3 years.—More remonſtrances preparing in York and other counties.—Means in great forwardneſs entirely to redreſs American grievances, in which ſome great perſonages have warmly intereſted themſelves, &c.]

At a Meeting of the Merchants of Maryland on the 25th of October laſt, they reſolved unanimouſly, that the Aſſociation they entered into in June laſt, be ſtrictly adhered to.—The Merchants at Baltimore had ſent in a Propoſal to import all but ſuch Articles as paid a Duty; but it was treated with Contempt, and the Merchants ſeverely cenſured for attempting to break up the Agreement.

The Aſſembly of New-Jerſey ended the 27th of October, when they paſſed a Number of Acts, among them was one entitled, An Act for making Proviſion for his Majeſty's Troops, and other Purpoſes mentioned.

PROVIDENCE, *November* 10.

Saturday Night laſt a conſiderable Number of People riotouſly aſſembled in King's County, and with their Faces black'd proceeded to his Majeſty's Goal there, the outer Door of which they broke open with Iron Bars and Pick-Axes; they then violently entered the Goal, broke every Lock therein, and let at Liberty ſundry Criminals, viz. William Reynolds, Thomas Clarke, Eliſha Reynolds, and Samuel Caſey, lately convicted of Money-making; one of whom (Samuel Caſey) was under Sentence of Death.—A Proclamation is iſſued by the Governor, at the Requeſt of the General Aſſembly, offering a Reward of Fifty Pounds lawful Money for apprehending any one or more concerned in this Affair, and Fifty Pounds more for apprehending Caſey.—Information has been lodged againſt ſome of the Parties concerned in this daring Outrage, and Meaſures are taken for tracing the Villainy to its Source.

A few Days ſince died here Mrs. BROWN, Wife of GEORGE BROWN, Eſq;

The Honourable General Aſſembly of this Colony, which met here the 31ſt ult. in order to compleat the public Buſineſs, and prevent the Neceſſity of another Meeting in February, adjourned on Saturday laſt to Monday, and continued the Seſſion till this Day at which Time the Houſe was adjourned to May next.

All the Bank Bonds and Mortgages are ordered to be carried in to the ſeveral Counties, and put in Suit, if not immediately paid, in order that an End may be put to the whole of the Old Tenor Affairs.

Two Lotteries were granted, one for raiſing a Sum of Money towards purchaſing a Building, and fitting the ſame for a Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe, in Cranſton.—The other for repairing a Bridge in Cumberland.

PORTSMOUTH, *November* 9.

The 10th ult. a perſon at New-Caſtle, who had been totally blind for many years, had one of his eyes couched by Dr. Hall Jackſon, which has reſtored him to ſight: he can ſee as well as perſons generally do with one eye. The operation is ſoon to be performed on the other eye. This is the ſecond Perſon whom Dr. Jackſon has reſtored to Sight lately.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON,

Entered In, *Doane, from New-London; Wells, Canſo; Attwood, Annapolis-Royal; Gorham, Rhode-Iſland; Whitmarſh, Halifax; Brown, Nova-Scotia; Everſon, Philadelphia; Mackey & Cordis, Gaudaloupe; Adamſon, Surranam; Cobb, Grenada; Andrews, St. Lucia.*

Cleared Out, *Olds, for New-Haven; Atkins, Maryland; Gardner, New-London; Gorham, Philadelphia; Higgins, Iſland St. Johns; Everſon, Philadelphia; Ridley & Groſs, North-Carolina; De Coſta & Gooding, Weſt-Indies; Morton, Barbadoes; Vincent; Jamaica; Cole, for London.*

Outward Bound, *Boaſs, for Truro; Boyd, New-London; Rotch, Briſtol; Bryant, Hood & Nicoll, London; Haviſon, St. Croix; Arnold, & Davis, Weſt-Indies; Foye, Maryland; Price, Rhode-Iſland; Cook, Virginia; Lewis, North-Carolina; Bacon, South Carolina; Johnſon, Weſt-Indies.*

To Let, a brick Houſe in *Fleet*-ſtreet, three Story high, two Rooms on a Floor, and a Garret, with a paved Cellar and Yard, adjoining William Stoddard, Eſqr's. Dwelling-Houſe.

BOSTON, *November* 15.

THE Superior Court of Judicature, &c. for the County of Suffolk, ſtands adjourned to Tueſday next, the 20th of November Inſtant.

At the Superior Court at Salem the laſt Week, a Mulatto Man, named George, was indicted for riotouſly and tumultuouſly aſſembling, with divers other Perſons at Gloceſter, the 23d of March laſt, in the Night of that Day, and breaking and entring the Houſe of Jeſſe Savill, and forcibly pulling him out of his Chamber by the Hair of his Head and dragging him ſometimes by his Hair and ſometimes by his Heels, from his Dwelling-Houſe to a Place near four Miles diſtant, ſtripping him almoſt naked, placing him in a Cart, and carrying him through the Streets in the cold, and then beſmearing him with Tar, beating, wounding and otherwiſe evil entreating him, &c. and that upon Trial the ſaid George was found Guilty by the Verdict of the Jury, and ſentenced by the Court, to be ſet upon the Gallows with a Rope about his Neck and the other End over the Gallows for the Space of one Hour, to be whipped 39 Stripes upon his naked Back under the Gallows, to ſuffer two Years Impriſonment, and at the Expiration thereof to give Security for his good Behaviour for the Term of ſeven Years in the Sum of 100 l. with two ſufficient Sureties in 50 l. each, and to pay Coſts of Proſecution, ſtanding committed until Sentence be performed. *

It ſeems this is the Riot referred to in his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's Meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives the 7th of April laſt, & the Anſwer to which was re-printed in the Boſton Gazette of the 29th of October laſt. ✓

We are informed the other Offenders, who were all diſguiſed at the Time of the Riot, are not yet taken.

At the ſaid Superior Court, one William Fitz Gerald was indicted for Burglary, his Trial was adjourn'd to June Term at Ipſwich.

We hear that William Shaw, who was to have been executed at Springfield on the 8th of November, for the Murder of one Edward Eaſt, in Goat, is reſpited to Thurſday the 13th of December next.

The three Soldiers belonging to the 14th Regiment, ſuppoſed to have been drowned by the overſetting of a Canoe at the Edge of the Channel at the South Part of the Town, (as mentioned in our laſt) we hear got ſafe aſhore at Dorcheſter Neck by wading over the Flats, it being near low Water.

We hear from Newbury-port, that laſt Tueſday Afternoon, a Number of Perſons aſſembled together at the Houſe of Mr. Hidden, who was to be interr'd that evening; and juſt as the Rev. Mr. Parſons began Prayer, the Floor fell in, which much ſurpriſed them, and bruiſed many Perſons, but happily no lives loſt.

A Gentleman from Connecticut informs, that the General Aſſembly of that Colony in their laſt Seſſion, upon the Petition of the Corporation of Yale College, voted between Two and Three Hundred Pounds Lawful Money to diſcharge the Debts of that Society: And that the Aſſembly had alſo voted to found a Profeſſorſhip of Natural and Experimental Philoſophy at the Expence of the Government.

Laſt Friday a Sloop from Bermudas bound to London, put into this Port, having met with ſuch bad Weather that ſhe was not able to proceed on her Voyage.

Laſt Saturday arrived Capt. Adamſon from Surrinam, and informs, that on Sunday Afternoon, the 21ſt ult. a Day or two before he got into the Vineyard, he ſaw Capt. Mayo's Brig. (mentioned under Philadelphia Head) having out a Signal of Diſtreſs, but upon his coming up with her could perceive no Perſon on board, and as ſhe appeared then to be near full of Water he imagined ſhe muſt have ſunk ſoon after.

We hear from Surrinam that Mr. ELISHA PADDOCK, formerly of Nantucket, but ſince of Swanſey, lately died there, ſincerely regretted by his Relations and Acquaintance.

Laſt Night departed this Life in the 31ſt Year of her Age, Mrs. *Mary Collſon*, Wife of Mr. *Adam Collſon*, Leather-Dreſſer, and youngeſt Daughter of Mr. *Solomon Kneeland* of this Town. Her Remains are to be interred To-morrow Afternoon at half after 3 o'Clock.

Sunday arrived the Viper Sloop of War from Halifax.

Capt. Whitmarſh arrived here laſt Tueſday from Halifax, in 8 Days.—We hear the Glaſgow Man of War was to ſail from thence the Day following for this Place.—The Mermaid Man of War was to winter there.—Capt. Johnſon, in the Ship Suſannah, belonging to this Place, was arrived there from Ireland.—Capt. Whitmarſh had very ſevere Gales moſt of his Paſſage, eſpecially on Tueſday Night the 6th Inſtant, when it blew at E. S.E. a Hurricane for two Hours.

The Captains Davies, Calef, and Scott, will ſail for London on Saturday or Monday next.

WANTED

A Schooner, her burthen not to exceed 90 Tons nor under 70, to be well found, and a good Bottom. Caſh will be given for ſuch a Veſſel. Enquire at Draper's Printing-Office.

TO BE SOLD,

A ſtrong and hardy Saddle Horſe, which hath performed ſeveral long Journies, with the greateſt Eaſe and Expedition, and can be more particularly recommended. Enquire of the Printer.

THIS DAY Publiſhed,

And Sold by Kneeland & Adams, next the Treaſurer's Office in Milk-Street, Boſton, and at Mr. Saliſbury's Store in Worceſter,

A Sermon, entitled, *The moſt heinous Sinners capable of the ſaving Bleſſings of the Goſpel.* Preached at Worceſter, October 25. 1770. On Occaſion of the Execution of *William Linſey*, for Burglary. By THADDEUS MACCARTY, A. M. Paſtor of the Church in Worceſter.

At ſaid Kneeland & Adams's Printing-Office may be had,

ANIMADVERSIONS on Mr. HART's late DIALOGUE; In a Letter to a Friend. By SAMUEL HOPKINS, A. M. Miniſter of the Goſpel.

For *LONDON*;

The Brig. ROYAL GEORGE,

JAMES NICOLLS, Maſter,

Will ſail in 20 Days: for Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on board now laying at Minot's.

Dropped out of a Chaiſe on Tueſday laſt, ſomewhere between the Old North Meeting-Houſe and the Common, *a Woman's* SCARLET BROAD CLOTH CLOKE, TRIMMED WITH A GREY FUR, ALMOST NEW; Whoever has taken up the ſame and will bring it to the Printer, ſhall be Rewarded for the Trouble.

TO BE SOLD by Publick Auction,

On TUESDAY the 20th Inſtant, at 12 o'clock,

A large Sloop lying at *Barret's* Wharf, burthen about 90 Tons, two Years old, well built, very ſtrong and tight, a prime Sailer, and well found. An Inventory of her Stores, &c. may be ſeen any Time before the Sale at Edward Church's Store in Newbury-Street.

N. B. The Sale to be on board ſaid Sloop.

Choice St. Kitts Rum, To be Sold at the Impoſt-Office, South Side of the Town Dock.

Samuel Abbot, HAS to ſell at his Store on Greene's Wharf, near the Eaſt End of the Market, Drapery and Colcheſter Bayes, Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, Ruſſia Drabs, Oznabrigs. Likewiſe ſundry Articles imported two Years ago, which will be ſold very cheap for Caſh.

Alſo to be Sold at ſaid Store,

Choice Weſt-India Rum per Hogſhead.

William Jackſon Deſires all Perſons indebted to him either by Note or Book, to pay their reſpective Ballances to *James Jackſon*, who is impowered to receive the ſame, and thoſe Perſons whoſe Accounts and Notes that have been too long due, may depend they will be put in Suit at January Court, unleſs prevented by Payment, poſitive Orders being left for that purpoſe

There is to be Sold at the Store of ſaid William, *where conſtant Attendance is given,*

BAIZES, duffils, flannels, broad-cloths, ſhalloons, tammies, Iriſh linnens, checks, worſted, thread, cotton and ſilk hoſe, breeches pieces all colours, a variety of ſtuffs, camblets, calamancoes, black ruſſel and ſilk brocaded ſhoes, brocaded and black velvet clogs and galoſhoes, dowlaſs, oznabrigs, Ruſſia linnen, Ravens duck, bed-ticks, napkin and clouting diapers, Ruſſia drabs, ſilk & linnen handkerchiefs, luteſtrings, ducapes, paduſoys, damaſks, callicoes, chinces, &c. &c.

POwder and ſhot of all ſizes, bar-lead, nails, tacks and brads of all ſorts, hard-mettal and common London pewter diſhes, plates and baſons of all ſizes, communion cups and flaggons, bed and cloſe-ſtool pans, quart and pint canns, poringers, tea-pots, ſpoons, &c. — Locks, hinges, latches and betts of all ſorts, — *Sadlery Ware of all kinds*; — bellows, chaffing-diſhes, mops, hearth, hand, ſhoe, table and houſe bruſhes; warming and frying pans, Engliſh and German ſteel, braſs kettles and ſkillets, houſe jacks, braſs and iron candleſticks, japann'd waiters, box irons, carpenters hammers and rules, velvet corks, with a handſome aſſortment of cutlary, and a great variety of other articles. Likewiſe,

A few crates blue and white ſtone ware, a few boxes of wine glaſſes and vinegar cruets, and a few boxes of ſhort pipes. Engliſh Loaf-Sugar.

Richard Jennys, Hereby informs his Cuſtomers and others, That he has removed from his Shop in Newbury-Street, to the Shop lately improved by Miſs Ame and Elizabeth Cumming, oppoſite the Old Brick Meeting-Houſe, Cornhill: Where he has to ſell,

A handſome Aſſortment of Engliſh, India and Scotch Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon, at the very loweſt Prices for Caſh only. Boſton, Nov. 12.

The Commiſſioners appointed by the Hon. FOSTER HUTCHINSON, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Mr. *Hammond Pearſon*, late of Boſton, Malſter, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent;—Give Notice that ſix Months are allowed them to bring in their Claims, and prove their Debts, & that they ſhall attend at the Sign of the Schooner at the North-End, on the third Thurſday in this and five following Months, from ſix to eight o' clock, P. M. November 20. 1770.

Whereas a major Part in Number and Value of the Creditors of *Daniel Bradley*, jun'r of Haverhill, in the County of Eſſex, Cordwainer, an inſolvent Debtor, have preſented their Petition for the Diſcharge of the ſaid *Daniel Bradley*, jun'r, to the Hon. *Thomas Hutchinſon* and *Benjamin Lynde*, Eſqrs. two of the Juſtices of the Superior Court, &c.—Public Notice is therefore hereby given to the Creditors of the ſaid *Daniel Bradley*, jun'r, that they may offer their Objections, if any they have to ſuch Diſcharge, unto the ſaid Juſtices at the Dwelling-Houſe in Boſton of the ſaid *Thomas Hutchinſon*, Eſq; on Thurſday the 29th of this Inſtant November, from ten to one o'clock at Noon.

The Creditors of *Samuel Peirce*, late of Boſton, Shipwright, an inſolvent Debtor, are (in purſuance of a late Law of this Province) hereby notified to bring in their Claims againſt the ſaid inſolvent Debtor, to the Truſtees, who will meet for that Purpoſe at the Houſe of Mr. Flood, the Sign of the King's-Head, North-End, Boſton, on Friday the 30th Inſtant, at 6 o'clock in the Evening.

¶ He was appointed Adjutant General of Ireland, to reward him for Standing candidate for the County of Middlexex in oppoſition to Mr Wilkes. * Page 311. & Page 103. ✓ Page 294. Quid Tea act pa. 735. Vol. 1. (1) pa. 71.

NEWBERN, (North-Carolina) October 5.

On Wednesday last, a special messenger arrived in town from Granville County, to his Excellency the Governor, with the melancholy account of a violent insurrection, or rather rebellion, having broke out in Orange County, among a sett of men who call themselves Regulators, and who for some years past have given infinite disturbance to the civil government of this Province, but now have sapped it's whole foundation, brought it's courts of justice to their own controul, leaped the strong barrier of private property, and audaciously violated the laws of God and Man.

The people have for a long time opposed paying all manner of taxes, have entertained the vilest opinion of the gentlemen of the law, and often threatened them with their vengeance. Accordingly, as the Hon. Judge Henderson, and several gentlemen of the law, were returning from Salisbury circuit to Hillsborough, in order to hold the court there, they were waylayed by a number of them with their rifles; but happily having notice of their hellish design, by taking a contrary rout, eluded their bloody plot. They still gave out their threats of meeting them at Hillsborough, and wreaking their vengeance on them there.

These menaces were treated with contempt, or rather the violent ravings of a factious and discontented mob, than any settled and fixed resolution of men of property to commit so daring an insult to the laws of the country; and accordingly the court was opened and proceeded to business: But on Monday, the second day of the court, the tragical scene began: a very large number of these people, headed by men of considerable property, appeared in Hillsborough, armed with clubs, whips, loaded at the ends with lead or iron, (a stroke from which would level the strongest man) and many offensive weapons, and at once beset the court-house. The first object of their revenge was Mr. John Williams, a gentleman of the law, who they assaulted as he was entering the court-house; him they cruelly abused with many and violent blows with their loaded whips on the head and different parts of his body, until he by great good fortune made his escape and took shelter in a neighbouring store. They then entered the court-house and immediately fixed their attention on Col. Fanning, as the next object of their merciless cruelty; he expected his fate, and had retired to the judge's seat, as the highest part of the court-house, from which he might make the greatest defence against these blood-thirsty & cruel savages; but poor gentleman, vain were all his efforts, for after behaving with the most heroic courage, he fell a sacrifice to numbers, and suffered a cruelty the richest language can but faintly paint: They seized him by the heels, dragged him down the steps, his head striking violently on every step, carried him to the door, and forcing him out, dragged him on the ground over stones and brickbats, struck him with their whips and clubs, kicked him, spit and spurned at him, and treated him with every possible mark of contempt and cruelty; till at length, by a violent effort of strength and activity he rescued himself from their merciless claws, and took shelter in a house; the vultures pursued him there, and gave him a stroke that will probably destroy one of his eyes: In this piteous and grievously maimed condition they left him for a while, retreated to the court-house, knocked down and very cruelly treated the deputy clerk of the crown, ascended the bench, shook their whips over judge Henderson, told him his turn was next, ordered him to pursue business, but in the manner they should prescribe, which was, that no lawyers should enter the court house, no juries but what they should pack, and order new trials in cases where some of them had been cast for their mal-practices. They then seized Mr. Hooper, a gentleman of the law, dragged and paraded him through the streets, and treated him with every mark of contempt and insult. This closed the first day. But the 2d day presented a scene, if possible, more tragic: Immediately on their discovering that the judge had made his escape from their fury, and refused to submit, to the dictates of lawless and desperate men, they marched in a body to Col. Fanning's house, and on a signal given by their ringleaders, entered the same, destroyed every piece of furniture in it, ript open his beds, broke and threw in the streets every piece of china and glass ware in the house, scattered all his papers and books to the winds, seized all his plate, cash, and proclamation money; entered his cellar, and after satiating and gorging their more than savage stomachs with his liquors, stove and threw in the streets the remainder; being now drunk with rage, liquor, and lawless fury, they took his wearing cloaths, stuck them on a pole, paraded them in triumph through the streets, and to close the scene, pulled down and laid his house in ruins. Hunter and Butler, two of their chiefs, stripping in buff and beginning the heroic deed. They then went to a large handsome Church bell that Col. Fanning, at the expence of 60 or 70l. had made a present of to the Church of Hillsborough, and split it to pieces, and were at the point of pulling down the Church, but their leaders, thinking it would betray their religious principles, restrained them. Their revenge being not yet satiated on this unhappy gentleman, they again pursued him, again cruelly beat him, and at length with dogs hunted him out of town, and with a cruelty more savage than blood hounds, stoned him as he fled. What heart but feels for the distresses of this unfortunate gentleman! What hand that would not be uplifted in defence of such injured innocence!

When they had fully glutted their revenge on the lawyers, and particularly Col. Fanning, to shew their opinion of courts of justice, they took from his chains a Negro that had been executed some time, and placed him at the lawyer's bar, and filled the judge's seat with human excrement, in derision and contempt of the characters that fill those respectable places. Would a Hottentot been guilty of such a piece of brutality! or is there the most savage nation on earth whose manners are less cultivated!

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 1.

The Captains Sparks and Osborn, from London, have brought no goods, except such as are allowed of by our late agreement, but have, on the contrary, brought near £. 10,000 in CASH, the property of persons in this city; this being some of the golden fruits of the Non-importation, it is hoped that the people of this continent will so far see their interest as to manufacture whatever lays in their power.

BOSTON, November 2. 1770.

Mr. MORGAN

Pupil of Signior GIARDINI,

Is just arrived from England, and purposes instructing Ladies and Gentlemen on the

Harpsichord, Violin, &c.

On the easiest Terms, and by the most approv'd Methods.

Those Ladies and Gentlemen who Please to honor him with their Commands, may depend on his exerting the utmost of his Endeavours to perfect his Pupils in their different Instruments, and of the greatest Diligence being used by Their very humble Serv't.

W. S. MORGAN.

N. B. Mr. Morgan is to be spoke with at Mrs. Bennet's at the North-End.

TO BE SOLD BY

HENRY LLOYD,

At Warehouse N°. 5 on the Long-Wharf;

Indian dress'd Deer-Skins in small and large Packs, the best Sperma-Cæti Candles warranted pure, West-India Rum, Bar-Iron, French Indigo, and Butter-Bread, reasonably for Cash.

Cash given for SALTS,

and unmerchantable POT-ASH, by THOMAS SNOW, at the South End, or by JAMES PERKINS, at his Store South-Side of the Market.

Grockery Ware.

A compleat Assortment of *Cream Colour, white, brown, and Enameled Tortoiſhell & Agate Ware, white & blue, & white Stone Cups & Saucers*; By the Crate, or by Retail, GLASS WARE *assorted in Boxes, and a few Boxes* 15 *Inch PIPES*,

TO BE SOLD BY

Joseph Barrell

At Store N°. 3 South Side the Town Dock,

Where may be had at the very lowest Prices,

The very best Rhode-Island CHEESE, Brown Sugars; Allspice; Ginger; Rice, *the very best French Indigo*; Brimstone; Copperas; Allum; Logwood; Redwood; Poland & Common Starch; Crown Soap; Snuff; Raisons; *Sweet Oil by the Cask, Jarr, or Gallon*; Iron Ware; West-India, and New-England Rum; *Choice Old Jamaica Spirit, & French Brandy, Claret and other Wines by the Dozen or Quarter Cask*, and many other Articles.

☞ *A few Firkins Choice Butter, and a few Tons of Ship-Bread very Cheap.*

TO BE SOLD

A handsome Quebec

Stove, with twelve Feet cast Funnel, very convenient for a School-House or any Room where a Number of Persons are employed. Enquire of the Printer.

A few Boxes of choice Lisbon

LEMMONS. —— A few Cheshire and Glocester CHEESES, very good. —— A small Quantity of the very best East-India RHUBARB: Also,

A small Assortment of fashionable Ribbons, to be Sold very cheap at the Crown & Scepter in Back-Street.

TO BE LETT,

A large commodious HOUSE

and SHOP in Ann-Street, near the Draw-Bridge, being a very good Place for Trade,—the Shop was formerly improved by Elder Halsey. Enquire of Anna Halsey in Bennet-Street, near the Rev'd Mr. Mather's Meeting-House, North-End. Also,

To be Lett or Sold very reasonably,

A convenient Tenement near Hart's Ship-Yard.

Enquire as above.

To be Sold at Publick Vendue,

On FRIDAY the last Day of this Instant November, at the House of Mr. Barachias Mason, Innholder in Medfield, if not Sold before at private Sale:

The Real Estate of Mr. *John Wight*,

of said Medfield, consisting of the Home-Lot, being one Mile from the Meeting-House, containing forty-three Acres, well accommodated with mowing Land, tilling, pasturage and orcharding, as also, a Dwelling-House, Barn, a good Corn-House, and two good Wells on the Premises; likewise, six Acres of good Meadow Land, and nine Acres of Pasture Land, laying about two Miles from said Home Lot.

The Estate of *Jonathan Durant*,

late of Boston, Perukemaker, deceased, being represented Insolvent, and six Months being allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts; The Commissioners appointed by the Honorable FOSTER HUTCHINSON, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine said Claims—Give Notice that they shall attend said Service at Capt. Jones's at the Sign of the Hat and Helmit, in Newbury-street, Boston, on the last Monday of this and the five following Months, from six to nine o'clock in the Evening.

Boston, November 8. 1770.

Whereas a major Part in Number

and Value of the Creditors of *Sampson Crosby* of *Bellerica*, Labourer, an insolvent Debtor, have presented their Petition for the Discharge of the said *Sampson Crosby*, to the Hon. *Thomas Hutchinson*, and *Benjamin Lynde*, Esqs. two of the Justices of the Superior Court, &c.—Public Notice is therefore hereby given to the Creditors of the said *Sampson Crosby* that they may offer their Objections, if any they have to such Discharge, unto the said Justices at the Dwelling house in *Boston* of the said *Thomas Hutchinson*, Esq; on Thursday the 15th of this Instant November, from 10 to 1 o'Clock at noon.

Really imported from *Ireland*, by

Samuel Eliot

A fine Assortment of

3-qrs, 7-8ths, and yard-wide Irish Linnen, and 6-qrs, 8-qrs, and 10-qrs. Irish Diaper.

Which will be sold at the cheapest Rates by the Piece or Yard, at his Shop near the Head of Dock-Square, just above the Market. ALSO,

Drapery and Colchester Bayes, Pistol Powder, Ticklinburg, Ravens Duck, and Wool and Cotton Cards, with a few Articles imported two Years ago, at the very lowest Rates.

A few Pair of Clothier's

Shears, to be sold by WILLIAM BOWES, At his Shop on Dock-Square.

A very large Quantity of

Glauber and Epsom Salts, and Contra Yerva Roots, TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP, (being a Consignment)

By Martin Brimmer,

Near the Head of Summer-street.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Glasgow, Capt. Dunn, and to be Sold by

James Anderson,

At his Store near Faneuil-Hall.

3-4ths. 7-8ths. 4-qrs. Checks, check'd and striped Holland, Irish and Scotch Linnen of all wedths; Sheeting, 4 & 7/8 Bed-tick, white & coloured Threads, Bibles and Testaments, Writing Paper, check'd Handkerchiefs, Tapes, Garters, Nankeens, Silk Romals, plain, spotted & flower'd Lawn, plain and spotted Gauze, Chints, Superfine Broad Cloths, worsted Hose, Plaids, Carpets, Kippen's Snuff, Pearl Barley, Cutlery, Duck, Oznabrigs, mill'd Caps, cheap for Cash, Rum, or Bar-Iron, but no Credit.

Thomas Lee,

HAS taken Passage for England with Capt. *Scott*, therefore desires those to whom he is indebted to apply immediately for Payment.—All those who have been long indebted to him, are requested to pay their respective Balances very soon, lest any disagreeable Consequences should follow their Omission.

He has the underneath few Articles on Hand, which he will sell at very low Rates.

A Quantity of Russia Duck of the first Quality, Powder and Barr Lead——Castor Hatts;

A few Pieces scarlet German Serges— pink Callimancoes. —Ribbons—Gold Laces—printed Linnens.

For SALE,

The Sloop *Minerva*, now lying at *Richie's* Wharf: She is a prime Sailer; remarkably well found; has extraordinary good Accommodations, and can be fitted for the Sea within 48 Hours. For further Information, enquire of Capt *John Derrington*, at his House in Fleet-street, just above said Wharf. ALSO,

The Sloop *Frankfort*, a prime Sailer, now laying at the above said Wharf. Enquire as above.

Boston, November 1. 1770.

BRAN

To be had at JOSEPH CALLENDER'S Bake-House at New Boston; also Ship-Bread of different Qualities; Butter-Biskets and Crackers by the Kegg.

Handsome Wages offer'd

to a capable, honest, active Woman that understands Cooking and other Family Business, and can be well recommended. Such an one may hear of a Place by leaving their Name with the Printer hereof.

A Woman that has been used to

a Family, and can do the common Business of a Family, wants a Place. She can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printer.

Best Spermaceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old-North Meeting-House*. He also sells the *best Refin'd Spermaceti-Oil* by the Barrel. Best *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry-Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

CHOICE Chocolate made and Sold by *John Goldsmith*, at the Corner Shop leading down *John Hancock*, Esq'rs; Wharf, by large or small Quantities. — Also, all Sorts of Groceries.

The Chocolate will be warranted good, and sold at the cheapest Rates.—Cash given for Cocoa.

Cocoa manufactured for Gentlemen in the best Manner. ALSO, Choice COCOA and Cocoa Nut-Shells

The Creditors of *William Jones*,

late of Medford, Innholder, an insolvent Debtor, are (in pursuance of a late Law of this Province) hereby notified to bring in their Claims against the said insolvent Debtor, to the Trustees, who will meet for that Purpose at the House of Capt. Daniel Jones, the Sign of the Hat and Helmet, Newbury-street, Boston, Friday the 16th Instant. at 6 o'clock in the Evening.

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